

PUPIL PREMIUM STRATEGY STATEMENT 2023-2024

SCHOOL OVERVIEW	
Number of pupils in school [Years 7-11]	1013
Proportion [%] of pupil premium eligible pupils	30%
Academic year/years the pupil premium strategy plan covers	3 Years
Date this statement was published originally	October 2021
Date this version was published	November 2023
Date on which it will be reviewed	November 2024
Statement authorised by	Curriculum Committee
Pupil Premium Lead	Natalie D'Lima
Governor Lead	Fran Hooker

FUNDING OVERVIEW	ALLOCATION
Pupil premium funding	£321,885
Recovery premium grant funding	£23,510
Pupil Premium funding carried forwards from previous years	£0
Total budget this academic year	£345,395

STATEMENT OF INTENT

Our intention is that all students, irrespective of their socio-economic background, follow an ambitious and engaging curriculum that embeds knowledge, develops skills and enriches their lives and learning. Through high expectations we aim to create successful, responsible and well-informed young adults; despite the significant challenges, the School's intent is that all are able and willing to make a positive contribution to society, despite the continued impact of Covid-19.

Consistently, our disadvantaged students perform significantly above the National average; in fact, in 2019, the progress of this group would place them in the top 10% of schools nationally at KS4. In 2023, whilst progress was not as strong, it still compared favourably with the National average. The focus of our Pupil Premium Strategy remains high attainment, thereby, improving access to further education and employment, in-line with their non-disadvantaged peers. Implicit in the desired outcomes detailed below, is the intention that non-disadvantaged students' attainment will be sustained and improved alongside progress for their disadvantaged peers.

Inclusive high-quality teaching and learning is at the heart of our approach. Prioritising delivery by subject specialists, ensures our staff have in-depth and rich understanding of their specialisms, allowing them to promote a love of their subject through adaptive pedagogical techniques and well-sequenced curriculums.

Our Continuing Professional Development Programme will focus on improving our students' literacy and oracy, through our 'Loving to read' and 'Literacy to learn' strategies. This is in response to having identified academic gaps in reading and writing, alongside National research identifying loss of learning as a result of the pandemic and the School's recognition of well-established links between improved literacy and successful life chances, particularly for disadvantaged students.

The National Tutoring Programmes, including the use of School-Led Tuition and Academic Mentors, are targeted at students whose education has been worst affected by the pandemic. Our approach will be responsive to common challenges, individual needs and rooted in robust diagnostic assessment - not assumptions about the impact of disadvantage.

We are committed to supporting personal development and nurturing the interests and talents of all our students. Evidence suggests that participation in extra-curricular opportunities improves attendance, behaviour and peer relationships for all students, including lower income families. Our enhanced enrichment provision will be a key strategy in improving the well-being and cultural capital of our disadvantaged cohort, allowing them to excel.

CHALLENGES

No single difficulty or barrier hinders the success of our disadvantaged students. Every child comes to the School with a unique set of experiences, aspirations and prior achievement. However, some of the common barriers are:

barriers are: **Levels of Literacy** Assessments indicate that disadvantaged students generally have lower levels for reading and 1 writing. In 2023, 62% and 24% of PPG students achieved a 5+ and 7+ respectively in GCSE English, compared to 74% and 33% Non-PPG. Mean CAT Reading for the 2023-24 Year 7 cohort are 95 PP and 100 Non-PP. This widening of the KS2 gap mirrors National trends in the Disadvantage Gap Index. **Levels of Numeracy** Assessments indicate that disadvantaged students have generally lower numeracy levels than their 2 peers. In 2023, 42% and 4% of PPG students achieved a 5+ and 7+ respectively in GCSE Maths, compared to 59% and 26% non-PPG. Mean CAT Quantitative Scores for the 2023-24 Year 7 cohort are 96 PP and 101 Non- PP. COVID-19 The disruption caused by COVID-19 has had a disproportionately larger impact on the education of our disadvantaged students. Assessment of student engagement, the identification of academic gaps and discussions with students and families have evidenced school closures impacting more 3 significantly on disadvantaged students - this mirrors National trends. Our engagement data from the first Lockdown, suggested that FSM students were 17% more likely to be disengaged from their learning. This was particularly prevalent with FSM, lower ability, Males. EEF Analysis of impact of Covid-19 on attainment gap Social and Emotional issues Referrals to our Well-being Hub and discussions with students, families and teachers have identified 4 social and emotional issues for many students, further exacerbated by the pandemic. We have experienced an increased need for bereavement counselling, support for anxiety and depression and low self-esteem. Lack of aspiration and cultural capital Interviews with our Careers Advisor suggest that disadvantaged students require greater guidance to identify pathways in education and employment. Furthermore, they require an increased level of support to reach their goals in comparison to their non-disadvantaged peers and are at an increased 5 risk of becoming NEET. Historically, a lack of aspiration has been demonstrated by a lower attendance from FSM students at academic intervention sessions and disadvantaged students have not taken as much advantage of our extracurricular enrichment opportunities. Whilst this has significantly improved, it needs to remain a focus. **Attendance** Our FSM6 attendance of 90.5%, in 2022-23, is significantly higher than the National average of 6 85.3%. However, attendance for the disadvantaged was below that of their non-disadvantaged peers [90.5% FSM6 vs 93.1% Non FSM6]. In parallel to the National trend, we have seen a substantial increase in Persistent Absence, but remain significantly below National Averages for this measure. **Exclusion rates** Higher levels of Suspensions are experienced by Disadvantaged students. Exclusion data for 2022-7 23 evidenced that 46% of our suspensions were for PP students - 6.5% vs 2.0% rate of Suspensions

for disadvantaged vs non-disadvantaged.

INTENDED OUTCOMES

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for by the end of our current strategy plan and the success criteria they will be measured against.

Improved reading levels among disadvantaged students in KS3

Reading assessments to demonstrate a measurable improvement in comprehension skills among disadvantaged students and a smaller disparity between scores of disadvantaged and their non-disadvantaged peers.

Improved attainment and progression among disadvantaged students at the end of KS4

By the end of our current plan, in 2024/25, the P8 gap will be <0.2; 9-4 in English and Maths will be to achieve and sustain 70% and 9-5 in English and Maths will be 40% for disadvantaged students.

Improved attendance for all students, particularly the disadvantaged students

Sustained high attendance demonstrated by:

- Maintaining the overall absence rate for disadvantaged students, being no more than 5%, and the attendance gap between disadvantaged students and their non-disadvantaged peers being maintained at 1%
- The overall persistent absence rate for all students being no more than 7% of the cohort.

Decreased exclusion rates for all students, particularly for disadvantaged students

Sustained low exclusion rates demonstrated by:

 Fixed term exclusions for disadvantaged students being no more than 5% of the cohort

Improved well-being for all students, particularly those that are disadvantaged

Sustained high levels of wellbeing from 2024/25 demonstrated by:

- Qualitative data from student voice and student and parent surveys
- A significant increase in participation in enrichment activities, particularly among disadvantaged students
- A significant increase in participation in social skill-development groups, particularly among disadvantaged.

ACTIVITY IN THIS ACADEMIC YEAR

This details how we intend to spend our Pupil Premium (and Recovery Premium) funding this academic year to address the challenges listed above.

TEACHING [FOR EXAMPLE, CPD, RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION] BUDGETED COST FROM PUPIL PREMIUM: £280,000			
ACTIVITY	EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT THIS APPROACH	CHALLENGE ADDRESSED	
Continuing Professional Development	This year's CPD programme is focused on improved pedagogical practice in literacy, oracy and the improved understanding of pedagogical content knowledge and curriculum sequencing. EEF Improving Literacy in Secondary Schools report EEF Reading strategies evidence EEF Oracy strategies evidence Staff receive a bespoke programme of support to address areas of development such as effective assessment or differentiation. In addition, staff are being upskilled on effective Careers Education. EEF Importance of Careers Education for Disadvantaged	1 2 3 5	
Continued high levels of Curriculum allocation to English	The identified academic gaps in reading, writing and loss of learning, due to the pandemic, reflect the well-documented trends seen in National research. The School recognises the established links between improved literacy and successful life chances, particularly for disadvantaged students. <u>EEF Improving Literacy in Secondary Schools report EEF Reading strategies evidence EEF Oracy strategies evidence</u>	1 3	
Additional teaching staffing in English and Maths	Additional staffing has supported the increase in the number of English lessons and accommodates smaller class sizes in English and Maths. Smaller classes allow teachers to provide increased individualised support and improved quality of feedback. EEF Feedback evidence EEF Reduced class size evidence EEF Individualised Instructions evidence	1 2 3	

TARGETED ACADEMIC SUPPORT [TUTORING, ONE-TO-ONE SUPPORT STRUCTURED INTERVENTIONS] BUDGETED COST PUPIL PREMIUM AND RECOVERY PREMIUM: £45,000			
ACTIVITY	EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT THIS APPROACH	CHALLENGE ADDRESSED	
National Tutoring Programme: Academic Mentoring and School-Led Tuition	Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support underachieving students, including disadvantaged. <u>EEF Small Group Tuition evidence</u> <u>EEF Individualised Instructions evidence</u> <u>EEF Extended School evidence</u>	1 2 3	
Interventions to support underachieving and disadvantaged students	Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support underachieving students, including disadvantaged. <u>EEF Small Group Tuition evidence</u> <u>EEF Individualised Instructions evidence</u> <u>EEF Extended School evidence</u>	1 2 3	
Reading intervention programme for underachieving students	Reading comprehension strategies can have a positive impact on students' ability to understand a text and enrich their vocabulary. <u>EEF Reading strategies evidence</u> <u>EEF Oracy strategies evidence</u>	1 2 3	
Community Languages Tuition	Tuition in Community Languages supports disadvantaged EAL students in raising their attainment and increases their opportunities to transition to courses of their choice. <u>EEF Small Group Tuition evidence</u>	3 5	

WIDER STRATEGIES [RELATED TO ATTENDANCE, BEHAVIOUR, WELLBEING] BUDGETED COST PUPIL PREMIUM: £20,000			
ACTIVITY EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT THIS APPROACH		CHALLENGE ADDRESSED	
Attendance Support Officer	Improved attendance has a direct correlation with improved attainment. <u>DfE School Attendance guidance</u>	6	
Enrichment activities including Music clubs, peripatetic lessons, sporting clubs, coding clubs, Art clubs, science clubs, book clubs, academic societies, competitions and many more	and peer relationships through participation in extra- curricular and enrichment opportunities. Definition of the provided attendance, behaviour and peer relationships through participation in extra- curricular and enrichment opportunities. Definition of the provided attendance, behaviour and peer relationships through participation in extra-		
Social and Emotional interventions and support clubs	Our Well-being Hub, Learning Mentor and School Counsellor provide students with bespoke support to address anxiety, depression, bereavement and aid students in forming positive relationships with staff and students. EEF Social and Emotional Learning evidence	4 5 6 7	
Hardship fund	Our most vulnerable students receive support in purchasing uniform, academic and enrichment trips and resources.	1 3 5 6	

PUPIL PREMIUM STRATEGY OUTCOMES

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on students in the 2022-2023 academic year and the progress we have made towards our intended outcomes.

Improved reading levels among disadvantaged students in KS3

27 Students with low reading levels have received over 1000 hours of targeted support through the Ruth Miskin Fresh Start Programme, supporting students with phonics and basic reading skills. All students have progressed through the programme. Ofsted 2022, stated that 'Literacy underpins the curriculum in all subjects'.

Improved attainment and progression among disadvantaged students at the end of KS4

Disadvantaged students achieved in line with their expected outcomes in 2023 GCSE Examinations. The Disadvantage P8 gap has remained at 0.4, not following the National trend of a widening Disadvantage Gap. However, the average P8 score and Basics for disadvantaged students has declined since 2019.

Year	2018-19 HCS	2021-22 HCS	2022-23 HCS	2021-22 National
P8 Gap	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.7
9-4 EM Disadvantaged	58%	68%	55%	55%
9-5 EM Disadvantaged	33%	42%	37%	30%

The importance of high attendance is highlighted by the difference in the P8 scores of disadvantaged students, with varying attendance. FSM students with +95% achieved an average P8 of 0.54, those with <85% attendance achieved -1.58 [SISRA collaboration data].

Improved attendance for all students, particularly the disadvantaged students

Our Attendance rates for all groups, including Disadvantaged have been significantly above the National average throughout 2022-23, as recognised by our receipt of the FFT National School Attendance Award, placing us in the top 25% of Schools. It was 5.3% above the National average for FSM6. However, we must continue to drive improvements to bring it back to pre-pandemic levels and aim for an overall absence rate of no more than 5%. The School Persistent Absence rate was significantly below National average at 23% compared to 28%. We continue to aim for pre-pandemic levels of Persistent Absence below 7% of the Disadvantaged cohort.

Year	2018-19 HCS	2021-22 HCS	2022-23 HCS	2022-23 National
FSM6 Attendance	95%	91%	90.5%	85.3%
Absence gap	1.0%	1.6%	1.8%	5.4%



2022-2023

Decreased exclusion rates for all students, particularly for disadvantaged students

Our exclusion rates remain very low compared to National averages in a pre-pandemic year [National Average of 10.75%, 13.8% of FSM students, 2018-19]. Our Suspension rates have remained stable with 6.5% of FSM cohort experiencing a Suspension. These values are similar to pre-pandemic [2018-19: 5.9% FSM vs 2.1% Non-FSM], bucking the national trend of disproportionate increase for disadvantaged children [75% PP vs 4% Non-PP quoted in The Guardian, October 2023]. We continue to aim for Exclusions below 5% of the Disadvantaged cohort.

Year	2018-19 HCS	2021-22 HCS	2022 - 23 HCS	2018-19 National
Non-FSM	2.1%	4.2%	2.0%	3.8%
FSM	5.9%	6.5%	6.5%	13.8%

Improved well-being for all students, particularly those that are disadvantaged

The development of our Well-being Hub, encompassing our Safeguarding Team, our School Counsellor and Learning Mentor has improved our provision for Disadvantaged students, providing bespoke support to address anxiety, depression, bereavement and aid students in forming positive relationships with staff and students. Over 400 students are supported through a variety of projects, interventions and clubs, with disadvantaged students comprising between 30-60% of the cohort, dependent on the programme.

Following our excellent increase in participation in enrichment activities in 2021-22, we sustained high levels of engagement in 2022-23, with over 400 students enjoying clubs such as karate, yoga, football, badminton, coding, chess, journalism, art, choir and peripatetic music lessons. As a result of targeted encouragement, 48% of FSM students are participating, higher than 36% Non-FSM. Female participation, and particularly FSM Female participation, continues to be an area of development.

Our 2022-23 PP Action Initiative, tasked teaching staff with identifying five disadvantaged students with low attendance that they would mentor and provide additional support. The brief was to make those students feel valued and seen, with the hope that attendance, attainment and engagement with enrichment would improve. Actions including increased parental contact, support with revision strategies, career focused meetings, monitoring of reading, pre-tutoring and celebration of their achievements.

As evidenced in schools across the country, the pandemic was most detrimental to our disadvantaged pupils. We believe the impact was mitigated by our focus on high quality teaching and learning, continued commitment to continuing professional development for our staff, our well-sequenced curriculum, our pastoral support systems and our use of Academic Mentors and School Led-Tuition. The Pupil Premium spend is reported to the Governors' Finance and General Purposes meeting in the Autumn Term.