Year 12 Physics	Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Term 5	Half Term 6
Knowledge	 Mechanics Equations of motion Newton's laws Electricity Current, resistance and potential difference relationships in series and parallel circuits Resistivity Working as a Physicist Base and derived units Estimation 	 Mechanics Conservation of linear momentum Energy and efficiency Electricity Potential divider circuits Internal resistance Applications of solid-state physics to electrical phenomena Working as a Physicist Base and derived units Estimation Limitations of physical measurement 	 Materials Density Stokes' law Hooke's law Force-extension and stress- strain graphs Elastic strain energy Waves Wave basics from GCSE Interference and stationary modes Refraction Working as a Physicist Base and derived units Limitations of physical measurement Estimation 	 Particle Nature of Light Diffraction gratings de Broglie relationship Wave particle duality Photoelectric effect Atomic line spectra Waves Lenses Polarisation Pulse-echo techniques and information Working as a Physicist Base and derived units Limitations of physical measurement Estimation Development of scientific ideas over time 	 Further Mechanics Impulse Conservation of momentum in 2D Circular motion Working as a Physicist Base and derived units Limitations of physical measurement Estimation Exam analysis and consolidation on areas of weakness 	 Further Mechanics Circular motion Oscillations Simple harmonic motion Resonance Damping in oscillating systems Plastic deformation of materials Working as a Physicist Synoptic treatment of knowledge in HT1-HT6 through novel situations
Numeracy in Physics	 Plotting two variables from experimental data Calculating rates of change from linear graphs Determining rates of change from curved graphs Distinguishing between instantaneous and average rates of change Use simple techniques to determine uncertainty Using angles in regular 2D and 3D structures with force diagrams Use sine, cosine and tangent ratios in physical problems. Algebraic manipulation Applying y = mx + c to experimental data 	 Plotting two variables from experimental data Calculating rates of change from linear graphs Determining rates of change from curved graphs Distinguishing between instantaneous and average rates of change Use simple techniques to determine uncertainty Using angles in regular 2D and 3D structures with force diagrams Use sine, cosine and tangent ratios in physical problems. Algebraic manipulation Applying y = mx + c to experimental data 	 Determining slope of linear graph Calculating and estimating the area under a curve Appreciating physical significance of area under graph Use of sine Use simple techniques to determine uncertainty 	 Determining slope of linear graph Calculating and estimating the area under a curve Appreciating physical significance of area under graph Use of sine Use simple techniques to determine uncertainty Applying y = mx + c to experimental data 	 Translating between degrees and radians Use of sine, cosine, tangent ratios Applying y = mx + c to experimental data 	 Translating between degrees and radians Use of sine, cosine, tangent ratios Applying y = mx + c to experimental data

Year 12 Physics	Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Te
Practical Skills	 Use appropriate analogue apparatus to record a range of measurements and to interpolate between scale markings Use methods to increase accuracy of measurements Use stopwatch or light gates for timing. Use calipers and micrometers for small distances, using digital or vernier scales Use ICT such as computer modelling, or data logger with a variety of sensors to collect data, or use of software to process data. 	Use appropriate digital instruments, including electrical multimeters, to obtain a range of measurements Correctly construct circuits from circuit diagrams using DC power supplies, cells, and a range of circuit components	 Use appropriate analogue apparatus to record a range of measurements and to interpolate between scale markings Use appropriate digital instruments, to obtain a range of measurements Use calipers and micrometers for small distances, using digital or vernier scales. 	 Use appropriate analogue apparatus to record a range of measurements and to interpolate between scale markings Use appropriate digital instruments to obtain a range of measurements Use signal generator and oscilloscope, including volts/div and time-base Generate and measure waves, using microphone and loudspeaker, or ripple tank, or vibration transducer, or microwave/radio wave source. Use laser or light source to investigate characteristics of light, including interference and diffraction. 	 Use ICT such a modelling, or with a variety collect data, or software to previous apparatus to propriate apparatus to propriate of measurements to markings Use appropriate be markings
Core Practicals	CP1: Acceleration of a free-falling object	CP2: Electrical resistivity CP3: E.m.f and internal resistance of a cell	CP4: Viscosity CP5: Young modulus	CP6: Speed of sound CP7: Factors effecting frequency of vibrating string CP8: Wavelength determination from diffraction grating	CP9: Relationship and change in mo CP10: Use of ICT t simple 2D collision EXTRA: Determini the pendulum equ
Independent Learning Link	Mechanics (Part 1 and Part 2) Electricity	Mechanics (<u>Part 1</u> and <u>Part 2</u>) <u>Electricity</u>	<u>Waves</u> <u>Materials</u>	<u>Waves</u>	Further mechanic

Term 5	Half Term 6	
as computer or data logger cy of sensors to or use of process data. tiate analogue or record a range nents and to between scale tiate digital to obtain a range nents	 Use appropriate analogue apparatus to record a range of measurements and to interpolate between scale markings Use appropriate digital instruments, , to obtain a range of measurements Use methods to increase accuracy of measurements 	
p between force omentum to analyse ons	CP16: Determine value of unknown mass using resonant frequencies	
ning the form of quation		
i <u>cs</u>	<u>Further mechanics</u> <u>Oscillations</u>	

Year 13 Physics	Half Term 1	Half Term 2	Half Term 3	Half Term 4	Half Term 5	Half Term 6
Knowledge	 Fields Gravitational fields Electric fields Magnetic fields Alternating currents and potential differences Nuclear radiation Review of GCSE Fission and fusion Equations for nuclear decay Working as a Physicist Base and derived units Limitations of physical measurement Estimation Development of scientific ideas over time 	 Fields Gravitational fields Electric fields Magnetic fields Alternating currents and potential differences Capacitors Capacitors Applications of capacitors Working as a Physicist Base and derived units Limitations of physical measurement Estimation Development of scientific ideas over time 	 Thermodynamics Ideal gas laws Black body radiators Specific heat capacity and specific latent heat Nuclear and particle physics Atomic structure Particle accelerators Standard Model Working as a Physicist Base and derived units Limitations of physical measurement Estimation Development of scientific ideas over time 	 Space Estimating astronomical distances Life cycles of stars Redshift Fate of the universe Revision and exam preparation	Revision and exam preparation	
Numeracy in Physics	 Sketching relationships modelled by y = k/n and y = k/n² Probability Interpreting log plots 	 Solve equations involving rates of change Using log plots Interpreting log plots Algebraic manipulation 	 Sketching relationships modelled by y = k/n² Unit conversions 	 Numeracy skills consolidation 	 Numeracy skills consolidation 	-
Practical Skills	 Use appropriate analogue apparatus to record a range of measurements and to interpolate between scale markings. Use calipers and micrometers for small distances, using digital or vernier scales. Use ionising radiation, including detectors. 	 Use appropriate analogue apparatus to record a range of measurements and to interpolate between scale markings. Design, construct and check circuits using DC power supplies, cells, and a range of circuit components. 	 Use appropriate analogue apparatus to record a range of measurements and to interpolate between scale markings. Design, construct and check circuits using DC power supplies, cells, and a range of circuit components. 	Practical skills consolidation	 Practical skills consolidation 	-
Core Practicals	CP15: Absorption of gamma radiation by lead	CP11: Capacitor charging and discharging	CP12: Calibrating a thermistor CP13: Determining the specific latent heat of a phase change CP14: Investigating pressure volume relationships			-
Independent Learning Link	Fields and capacitors Nuclear physics	Fields and capacitors Thermodynamics	Standard model Accelerators and detectors	<u>Space</u> <u>IsaacPhysics</u>		-